## canal repairs



PAUL ZAMORA/Associated Press talks to dignitaries

mento, but it will not me law unless voters ove it on next Novemballot. Aside from new ey to upgrade aging s and pumps, the landpackage includes to restore the ecologifragile Sacramento-San in Delta, promote conservation and tor groundwater.

vironmentalists and fiscal conservatives raised concerns about milestone water deal, h also sets aside \$3 bilthat can be used to ase California's water by building new and underground storage.

Among the leading candidates for taxpayer funds is Temperance Flat, which would be built in the narrow canyon above Friant Dam on the San Joaquin River, northeast of Fresno. It could hold up to 1.3 million acrefeet of water, which local officials and farmers say is crucial to satisfy agriculture and a growing population.

A three-year drought, coupled with environmental restrictions on the amount of water that can be pumped south from the delta, have given new urgency to the debate as farmers have had to idle hundreds of thousands of acres of croplands and lay of thousands of farmworkers. Cities, too, have been forced to ration water supplies, and demand will only grow as California's population is projected to soar to 60 million by 2050.

"This is one of the most fertile areas of God's green earth and it's going to stay that way because Demoand Republicans crossed the aisle and made it happen," said comedian Paul Rodriguez, an ally of the governor's who plans to stump for the water bond on late-night talk shows in coming months. "It's going to be difficult to tax yourselves, but this is what we're asking vou to do.'

foreclosure counseling homebuyer education ed through the Hous-Resource Center of terey County.

rr said that move was ded to ensure there d be adequate funding lly prepare prospective ebuyers for purchasing w home, because only

prevention effort, essentially preparing prospective buyers to buy a home so they can avoid many of the pitfalls of foreclosure.

Barr said lenders will have the discretion about who can qualify for the mortgages, and no special program rules will apply. But she said she believes lenders will avoid offering

## Prolonging life seen as cruel, if death is inevitable

By JANE PALMER Herald Staff Writer

Advances in medicine can improve our lives but not necessarily our deaths, said a Stanford university professor speaking at Monday's "Who Owns Life?" lecture at the Monterey Conference Center.

While medical technology has advanced in the last two attempts to improve a person's life when death is imminent are not only futile but painful, said David Magnus, before the talk co-presented by Monterey Peninsula College and the Community Hospital of the Monterey Peninsula.

"Death was a lot easier when there wasn't as much that we could do," Magnus said. "We can make a pretty drawn-out, but unpleasant, death in an ICU setting.'

Technologies are intended to be a bridge to help the very sick get to a healthier state where they can enjoy life, Magnus said. The problem is, these technologies can prolong patients' final days when there is no hope for recovery, he said.

Frequently, family members push for more treatment simply because it is available, said Magnus.

We are increasingly used to the idea that death is an option and that families have a right to demand things, even if they don't work," he

Family members are hanging on to hope that a miracle will happen, without considering the quality of those final hours, said Stanford professor Hank Greely, who was a featured speaker at Mon-day's talk. "This is America where we don't believe in unhappy endings."

Moreover, there exists plenty of evidence that the dying patient does not want their death unnecessarily prolonged, Magnus said.

"It is pretty clear that we are doing things to people at the end of life that they probably wouldn't want done to them and are probably of no benefit to them at all," Magnus said.

While 75 to 80 percent of people die in health care facilities, not in the comfort of their own homes, their authority to orchestrate the details of their dying moments frequently can be undermined, Magnus said.

"It is pretty unusual for people to pass away in the way that they think they are going to," Magnus said. "When people become incapacitated near the end of their lives, their wishes may not be respected."

Magnus recommends addressing this issue by drawing up an advance directive. Greely recommends frank discussions between seniors and their family members well in advance of their dying days.

"Talk to them enough so they will be comfortable when the time comes that they are doing the right thing," Greely said.

"Any peace of mind that you can give your loved ones is precious," he said. "It is the last gift that you can give your family members."

Iane Palmer can be reached at tipalmer@ucsc.edu.